ACETY DATA CHEET (DEACH)

FELY DATA SHE			
n accordance with Regu	lation (EC) No. 1	907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830	

AFET In acco	Y DATA SHE	ET (REACH Ilation (EC) No.) 1907/2006 and Regu	lation (EU) No. 20.	15/830		Revisio	on: 10/02/2020	Page 1/13
X^	VEUCE	NEUCETE Code: 0214	 MP 200 - High Te 000	mperatures (20	10ºC) Enar	mel			
Versio	n: 4 Revisi	on: 10/02/	2020	Previous revision	n: 01/06/20	17		Date of printin	g: 10/02/2020
SECTI	ON 1 : IDENTIF	ICATION OF	THE SUBSTANCE	/MIXTURE AND	OF THE C	COMPANY/UNDERTAK	ING		
1.1	PRODUCTIDE	NTIFIER:		NEUCET Code: 0	EMP 200 214000	- High Temperatures (200°C) Enamel		
1.2	Intended uses One-pack perfor # Sectors of us # Industrial m # Professional Uses advised a # This product 'Intended or idd	(main technical prmance coatin <u>se:</u> anufacturing (S uses (SU22). gainst: is not recommentified uses'.	g, solvent-borne. U3). ended for any use or	sector of use (ind	ustrial, prof		[X] Industrial [X] F er than those previously list		Consumers
1.3	DETAILS OF TH NEUCE - Indúst Rua Francisco Phone: +351 25	<u>ESUPPLIERO</u> ria de Tintas, S Rocha - Aptdo. 66 840040 - Fa: of the person n	F THE SAFETY DATA : A. 45 14 - 3700 892 - Rc x: +351 256 840049 esponsible for the Si	omariz SJM (Portug	gal)				
1.4	EMERGENCY TE	ELEPHONE NUM	<u>1BER:</u> +351 256 84	0041 (9:00-18:30	n.) (working	hours)			
SECTI	ON 2 : HAZARD	S IDENTIFIC	CATION						
2.1	Classification of available, gene extrapolation r information wh of the individua	of mixtures is carried of rally is carried of nethods of asse nich would allow Il components in	but based on these of assing the risk, using to apply interpolati n the mixture.	ance with the follow data, b) in the abse g the available data on or extrapolation	nce ofdata a for mixtur n techniques	(tests) for mixtures arego as similarly classified, and a, methods are used to class	or the classification of mixt merally used interpolation c c) in the absence of tests a ssify risk assessment base	or and	
			with Regulation (EL Skin Irrit. 2:H315			<u>CLP):</u> (irrit.) 3:H335 STOT RE 2	2:H373i EUH066		
	Danger class	CI	assification of the m	nixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Target organs	Effects	
	Physicochemic	SI S S	am. Lig. 3:H226 kin Irrit. 2:H315 ye Irrit. 2:H319 TOT SE (irrit.) 3:H3: TOT RE 2:H373 UH066	c) c) 35 c) c) c)	Cat.3 Cat.2 Cat.2 Cat.3 Cat.2 -	- Skin Eyes Inhalation Inhalation Skin	- Skin Eyes Respiratory tract Systemic Skin	- Irritatic Irritatic Irritatic Damag Drynes	on on
2.2	Note: When in	section 3 a rang nent, but below	mentioned is indicate ge of percentages is the maximum value	used, the health ar			effects of the highest conc		
	Hazard statem H226 H373i H319 H335 H315 Precautionary s P102 P210 P271 P280F P303+P361+P3	statements:	May cause d Causes seric May cause m Causes skin Keep out of m Keep away fi Use only out Wear protec IF ON SKIN	ous eye irritation. espiratory irritatio irritation. each of children. rom heat, hot surfa doors or in a well- tive gloves, clothi (or hair): Take off i	<i>(EU)</i> M hrough prol n. aces, sparks ventilated a g and eye p mmediately	p. 1272/2008~2018/1480 (onged or repeated exposur s, open flames and other ig rea. rotection. In case of inade	e if inhaled. nition sources. No smoking quate ventilation wear resp . Rinse skin with water or s	viratory protecti	on

	IEUCE	Code: 0214000	00 - High Temperatures (200ºC) Enamel		
	P305+P351+P338- P501b Supplementary st		IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.		
	EUH 208 Substances that c Xylene (mixture o Ethylbenzene		Contains 2-butanone-oxime, tall-oil fatty acids oleylamide, oleylamine-trimeric C18- produce an allergic reaction. <u>ification:</u>	fatty acids aduct. May	
	Tall-oil fatty acids	oleylamide			
	Other physicocher Other adverse hur	not result in clas mical hazards: nan health effects	sification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture: # Vapours may form with air a mixture potentially flammable or explosive. : # Prolonged exposure to vapours may produce transient drowsiness. :s: # Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.		
тю	ON 3 : COMPOSIT	ION/INFORMA	TION ON INGREDIENTS		
	SUBSTANCES : Not applicable (mi	xture).			
	HAZARDOUS INC	ion: ents, resins and a GREDIENTS:	dditives in organic solvents. in aqueous media. age higher than the exemption limit:		
	15 < 20 %	List No. 905-58 CLP: Danger: I	Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 Acute Tox. (skin) 4:H312 315 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H 335 STOT RE 2:H373i		Autoclassifie < REAC
	5< 10 %	CLP: Danger: I	7 , EC: 215-535-7 REACH: 01-2119488216-32 Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 Acute Tox. (skin) 4:H312 315 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H 335 STOT RE 2:H373i	Ind	ex No. 601-022-00-9 < REAC
	1 < 3 %	CLP: Danger: I), EC: 202-849-4 Flam. Liq. 2:H225 Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 STOT RE 2:H373iE Asp. Aquatic Chronic 3:H412	Ind	ex No. 601-023-00-4 < Autoclassified
	< 1 %	CAS: 64742-82 CLP: Danger: I	oleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy 2-1 , EC: 265-185-4 Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 STOT SE (nar cos is) 3:H336 04 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411	Ind (Note H,P)	ex No. 649-330-00-2 < ATPO
	< 0,25 %		ime EC: 202-496-6 Acute Tox. (skin) 4:H312 Eye Dam. 1:H318 Skin Sens. 1:H317 Carc.	Ind	ex No. 616-014-00-0 < CLP0
	< 0,25 %	CAS: 64742-95 CLP: Danger: I	na (petroleum), light aromatic 5-6 , EC: 265-199-0 REACH: 01-2119486773-24 Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 STOT SE (nar cos is) 3:H336 04 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411	Ind (Note H,P)	ex No. 649-356-00-4 < REACH / ATP01
	< 0,15 %	CAS: 85711-55	ids oleylamide 5-3 , EC: 288-315-1 Eye Dam. 1:H318 Skin Sens. 1A:H317 STOT RE 2 H3730		Autoclassifier < REAC
	< 0,15 %	CAS: 147900-9	meric C18-fatty acids aduct 93-4 , List No. 604-612-4 Acute Tox. (oral) 4:H302 Skin Sens. 1B:H317 STOT RE 2:H3730 c 2:H411		Autoclassifie
	Impurities: # Content of benze	ene < 0.1%.			
	<u>Stabilizers:</u> None				
	<u>Reference to other</u> For more informat		ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.		

SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH) # In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 NEUCE NEUCETEMP 200 - High Temperatures (200°C) Enamel O FUTURO DA TINTA Code: 0214000 SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIG H CONCERN (SVHC): # List updated by ECHA on 15/01/2019. Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006: None Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006: None PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES: Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria. **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES** 4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST-AID MEASURES: # Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Lifeguards should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed Description of first-aid measures Route of exposure Inhalation: # Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce # Remove the patient out of the contaminated area into the headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stops, administer **(})** drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness. artificial respiration. If the person is unconscious, place in Inhalation produces irritation to mucus, coughing appropriate recovery position. Keep the patient warm and at and breathlessness. rest until medical attention arrives. Skin: # Skin contact causes redness. Prolonged contact # Remove immediately contaminated clothing. Wash may cause skin dryness. thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm <!> water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners. Eves: # Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain. # Remove contact lenses. Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, <u><!</u>> holding the eyelids apart, until the irritation is reduced. Call a physician immediately. Ingestion: # If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat, # If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and container or label. Do not induce vomiting, due to the risk of diarrhoea. aspiration. Keep the patient at rest. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED: 4.2 The main symptoms and effects are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11.1 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED: 4.3 Notes to physician: # Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Antidotes and contraindications: # Specific antidote not known. **SECTION 5 : FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES** 5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: # Extinguishing powder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also alcohol resistant foam and water spray/mist. Do not use for extinguishing: direct water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to extinguish the fire, since the fire may spread. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE: 5.2 # Fire can produce a dense black smoke. As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health. 5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS: # Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing Special protective equipment: apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or is not being used, combat fire from a sheltered position or from a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. # Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses. **SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES** 6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES: # Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opposition to the wind direction. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: 6.2

METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP: 6.3 # Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Avoid use of solvents. Keep the remains in a closed container.

rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes,

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SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH) # In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

Revision: 10/02/2020 Page 4/13 NEUCE NEUCETEMP 200 - High Temperatures (200°C) Enamel Code: 0214000 O FUTURO DA TINTA REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS: 6.4 For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1. For information on safe handling, see section 7. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. For waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13. **SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE** 7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: # Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work. General recommendations # Avoid any type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly closed. Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks # Vapours are heavier than air, may spread along floors to a considerable distance, can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to reach distant ignition sources and flame up or explode. Due to its flammability, this material should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded and away from other heat or electrical sources. Switch mobile phones off and do not smoke. No tools with a potential for sparks should be used. - Flash point 34* # °C # 462* # °C Autoignition temperature # Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks: # Do not eat, drink or smoke in application and drying areas, After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination: # It is not considered a danger to the environment. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6. 7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES: # Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. In order to avoid leakages, the containers, after use, should be closed carefully and placed in a vertical position. For more information, see section 10. Class of storage # According to current legislation. Maximum storage period # 12. months Temperature interval # min: 5. °C, max: 35. °C (recommended). Incompatible materials: # Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials. Type of packaging # According to current legislation. Limit quantity (Seveso III): # Directive 2012/18/EU: - Named dangerous substances/mixtures: None - Hazard categories and lower-/upperthreshold quantities in tonnes (t): • Physical hazards: Flammable liquid and vapour (P5c) (5000t/50000t). Health hazards: Not applicable · Environmental hazards: Not applicable Other hazards: Not applicable. - Threshold quantity for the application of lower-tier requirements: 5000 tons - Threshold quantity for the application of upper-tier requirements: 50000 tons - Remarks: The qualifying quantities set out above relate to each establishment. The quantities to be considered for the application of the relevant Articles are the maximum quantities which are present or are likely to be present at any one time. Dangerous substances present at an establishment only in quantities equal to or less than 2 % of the relevant qualifying quantity shall be ignored for the purposes of calculating the total quantity present, if their location within an establishment is such that it cannot act as an initiator of a major accident elsewhere at that establishment. For more details, see note 4 of Annex I of the Seveso Directive.

FET acco	Y DATA SHEET (ordance with Regulation	(REACH) n (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation	on (EU) No. 2015/830			Re	vision: 10/02	2/2020	Page 5/13
2	NEUCE	IEUCETEMP 200 - High Temp Code: 0214000		nel					
3	SPECIFIC END USES # For the use of this	<u>5:</u> ; product do not exist particular rec	commendations apart from	that already indic	ated.				
ECTI	ION 8 : EXPOSURE C	CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTE	CTION						
1	effectiveness of the to EN689, EN14042 a	TERS: ins ingredients with exposure limit ventilation or other control measu and EIV482 standard concerning me ical agents. Reference should be al	ires and/or the necessity to thods for assesing the exp	o use respiratory p osure by inhalation	rotective eq to chemica	uipment. Referenc lagents, and expo	e should be n sure to	nade	
	OCCUPATIONAL EXP	POSURE LIMIT VALUES (TLV)							
	AGCIH 2018		Year	TLV-TWA	/m3	TLV-STEL ppm mo	ı/m3	<u>Remarks</u>	
), hydrodesulfurized heavy troleum), light aromatic	1996 2002	100. 100. 100. 50.	434. 434. 525. 290.	150. 125. -	⁷ 651. 543. - -	A4, BEI A3, BEI Recomme Internal va	
	BEI - Biological expo BIOLOGICAL LIMIT This preparation con - # Xylenes (techni end of shift (2). - # Ethylbenzene (2 end of shift (2), Nota # (2) When the end exposition ceases.	as carcinogenic in humans. Soure index (biological monitoring) <u>VALUES:</u> Itains the following substances that <i>ical or commercial grade) (2011):</i> 2013): Biological determinant: sun	at have established a biolog Biological determinant: ma n of mandelic acid and pher n the end of the working day	ethylhippuric acids nylglycolic acid in u , the sample will b	rine, BEI: 0. e taken as s	15 g/g creatinine S oon as possible aft	Sampling time		
	REACH. DNEL values	vel (DNEL) is a level of exposure th s may differ from a occupational ex a government regulatory agency o	xposure limit (OEL) for the	same chemical. O	EL values m	ay come recomme	ended by a		
	Derived no-effect lev - Systemic effects,	acute and chronic:		DNEL Inhalation mg/m3		DNEL Cutaneous		DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/o	d
	Solvent naphtha (pe	troleum), light aromatic		- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)		(a) - (d
	Derived no-effect lev - Local effects, acut			DNEL Inhalation		DNEL Cutaneous		DNEL Eyes	5
		troleum), light aromatic		- (a)	- (c)	- (a)	- (c)		(a) - (d

<u>Derived no-effect level, general population:</u> Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).

(-) - DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).

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Predicted no-effect concentration, aquatic organisms: PNEC Fresh water PNEC Marine PNEC Intermittent - Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release: uvcb PNEC Step PNEC Sediments PNEC Sediments - Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: PNEC STP PNEC Sediments PNEC Sediments PNEC Sediments Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic PNEC STP PNEC Sediments PNEC Sediments Predicted no-effect concentration, terrestrial organisms: PNEC Air PNEC Soil PNEC Oral - Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: uvcb uvcb Uvcb PNEC Oral Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic uvcb Uvcb Uvcb Uvcb uvcb PNEC Air mg/m3 uvcb Uvcb Uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb Uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb	- Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic mg/l mg/l uvcb mg/l uvcb - Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic PNEC STP mg/l PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d Predicted no-effect concentration, terrestrial organisms: - Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: PNEC Air mg/m3 PNEC Soil mg/kg dw/d PNEC Oral mg/kg dw/d	Predicted no-effect concentration, aquatic organisms: PNEC Fresh water PNEC Marine PNEC Intermittent - Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release: uvcb uvcb PNEC Sediments mg/l - Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: PNEC STP PNEC Sediments PNEC Sediments PNEC Sediments Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic uvcb PNEC Stip PNEC Sediments PNEC Sediments of vote to approximate the set of the	IEUCE	NEUCETEMP 200 - High Temperatures (2009 Code: 0214000	C) Enamel		
- Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release: mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l uvcb Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb - Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: PNEC STP mg/l PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d mg/kg dw/d uvcb Uvcb	- Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release: mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l uvcb - Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: PNEC STP mg/l PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/	- Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release: mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb uvcb - Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: PNEC STP mg/l PNEC Sediments mg/kg dw/d PNEC Sedim	PREDICTED NO	- EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):			
and marine water: mg/l mg/kg dw/d mg/kg dw/d mg/kg dw/d uvcb Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic uvcb PNEC Air PNEC Soil PNEC Oral - Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: mg/m3 uvcb PNEC are not appropriate and it is vucb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is	and marine water: mg/l mg/l mg/kg dw/d mg/kg dw/d uvcb Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic uvcb PNEC Air PNEC Soil PNEC Oral - Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic PNEC Oral mg/kg dw/d uvcb uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is solvent naphtha (petroleum) solvent naphtha (petroleum)	and marine water: mg/l mg/kg dw/d mg/kg dw/d mg/kg dw/d uvcb Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic uvcb PNEC Air PNEC Soil PNEC Oral - Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic PNEC Oral mg/kg dw/d uvcb uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is solvent naphtha (petroleum) solvent naph	 Fresh water, 	marine water and intermittent release:	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
- Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic mg/kg dw/d uvcb mg/kg dw/d uvcb uvcb uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is	- Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: mg/m3 uvcb mg/kg dw/d uvcb mg/kg dw/d uvcb uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is	- Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic mg/kg dw/d uvcb uvcb uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is	and marine wa	ter:	mg/l	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d
uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is	uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is	uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is	- Air, soil and e	effects for predators and humans:	mg/m3	mg/kg dw/d	mg/kg dw/d

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NEUCE	NEUCETEMP 200 - High Temperatures (200°C) Enamel	

	Code: 0214		peratures (200ºC) Enamel	
EXPOSURE CO	NTROLS:			
ENGINEERING	MEASURES:			
*	◎ * T	â 🥻	# Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicuse of local exhaust ventilation and good general extract sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be	ion. If these measures are not vapours below the Occupational
Protection of ey Protection of ha	<u>yes and face:</u> # ands and skin:	# It is recommended to	tion of vapours. nstall water taps, sources or eyewash bottles with clean water clc o install water taps or sources with clean water close to the worki creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.	ose to the working area. ng area. Barrier creams may
As a general methe correspond	leasure on prev ling marking. Fo s of the PPE, pro	or more information on pe	(EU) No. 2016/425: work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection ersonal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning maint enance category, CEN norm, etc), you should consult the informative broc	e, type and
Mask:	c fi a s	capacity up to 5000 ppm, (filter class must be select accordance with the speci satisfactorily when the air	ours of organic compounds (EN14387). Class 1: low capacity up to Class 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitab ted depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating a ifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipme ir contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less the rations of vapour, use independent breathing apparatus.	ole protection level, the agents present, in ent with filters does not work
Safety goggles:			d to protect against liquid splashes, with suitable lateral protection als in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.	n (EN166). Clean daily and
Face shield:	#	# No.		
Gloves:	0 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	of protection level 5 or hig product is expected, use g min.The breakthrough tim. There are several factors (resistant against chemica circumstances and possib account.Use the proper tex	st chemicals (EN374). When repeated or prolonged contact with the gher should be used, with a breakthrough time of >240 min.When s gloves with a protection level 2 or higher should be used, with a bre re of the selected glove material should be in accordance with the (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use o als is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to th bilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove suppl echnique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surfac e gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradat	hort contact with the eakthrough time >30 pretended period of use. f a protective gloves e wide variety of ier should be taken into ce) to avoid contact of the
Boots:	#	# No.		
Apron:	#	⊭ No.		
1				
Clothing:	#	# Advisable.		
<u>Clothing:</u> Thermal hazaro		¥ Advisable.		
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl	<u>ds:</u> le (the product	is handled at room temp	perature).	
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl	d <u>s:</u> Ie (the product TAL EXPOSURE	: is handled at room temp	perature). lease into the atmosphere.	
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any spi	ds: le (the product TAL EXPOSURE iillage in the en	: is handled at room temp	, ,	
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any sp. Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac	Ie (the product TAL EXPOSURE iillage in the en bill: # Prevent : # Do not allo gement Act: #	t is handled at room tempore <u>CONTROLS:</u> hvironment. Avoid any releace contamination of soil. hviron to escape into drains, so this product does not co	, ,	he field of water policy under
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any sp Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac Directive 2000,	ds: le (the product TAL EXPOSURE iillage in the en oil: Prevent : Do not allo gement Act: //60/EC~2013/.	t is handled at room tempo <u>CO NIROLS:</u> wironment. Avoid any rele contamination of soil. pw to escape into drains, s this product does not co 39/EU.	ease into the atmosphere. sewers or water courses. ontain any substance included in the list of priority substances in t	
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any sp. Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac Directive 2000, Emissions to th atmosphere.	ds: le (the product TAL EXPOSURE billage in the en bil: # Prevent : # Do not allo gement Act: # V60/EC~2013/: the atmosphere	t is handled at room tempe CONTROLS: avironment. Avoid any releace contamination of soil. by to escape into drains, s This product does not co 39/EU. 21. # Because of volatility	ease into the atmosphere. sewers or water courses. ontain any substance included in the list of priority substances in t ty, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result	t. Avoid any release into the
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any sp Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac Directive 2000 Emissions to th atmosphere. - VOC (produc organic solvent	ds: le (the product TAL EXPOSURE iillage in the en oil: # Prevent ; # Do not allo gement Act: # V60/EC~2013/ he atmosphere ts: PAINTS AN	: is handled at room tempo <u>CO NIROLS:</u> wironment. Avoid any rele contamination of soil. w to escape into drains, s "This product does not co 39/EU. <u>*</u> # Because of volatility <u>*</u> # It is applicable th ID VARNISHES (defined in	ease into the atmosphere. sewers or water courses. ontain any substance included in the list of priority substances in t ty, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result he Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory i) C	t. Avoid any release into the compounds due to the use of
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any spi Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac Directive 2000 Emissions to th atmosphere. - VOC (produc organic solvent coating, solvent	ds: le (the product IA_EXPOSURE illage in the en oil: # Prevent : # Do not allo gement Act: # /60/EC~2013/. he atmosphere ts: PAINTS AN t-borne. (VOC rial installation of emissions of (supply) : 52.2	is handled at room tempo CONTROLS: mironment. Avoid any rele- contamination of soil. w to escape into drains, s This product does not co 39/EU. Because of volatility (D VARNISHES (defined in C max. 500. g/l* starting S); # If this product is Volatile compounds due to	ease into the atmosphere. sewers or water courses. ontain any substance included in the list of priority substances in t ty, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result he Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory i) C	t. Avoid any release into the compounds due to the use of One-pack performance ble the Directive 2010/75/EC, on 5: Solvents : 52.2%
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any sp. Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac Directive 2000, Emissions to th atmosphere. - VOC (produc organic solvent coating, solvent coating, solvent the limitation c	ds: le (the product IA_EXPOSURE illage in the en oil: # Prevent : # Do not allo gement Act: # /60/EC~2013/. he atmosphere ts: PAINTS AN t-borne. (VOC rial installation of emissions of (supply) : 52.2	is handled at room tempo CONTROLS: mironment. Avoid any rele- contamination of soil. w to escape into drains, s This product does not co 39/EU. Because of volatility (D VARNISHES (defined in C max. 500. g/l* starting S); # If this product is Volatile compounds due to	lease into the atmosphere. sewers or water courses. ontain any substance included in the list of priority substances in t ty, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result the Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory i) C from 01.01.2010). s used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applica. to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations	t. Avoid any release into the compounds due to the use of One-pack performance ble the Directive 2010/75/EC, on 5: Solvents : 52.2%
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any spi Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac Directive 2000 Emissions to th atmosphere. - VOC (produc organic solvent coating, solvent	ds: le (the product IA_EXPOSURE illage in the en oil: # Prevent : # Do not allo gement Act: # /60/EC~2013/. he atmosphere ts: PAINTS AN t-borne. (VOC rial installation of emissions of (supply) : 52.2	is handled at room tempo CONTROLS: mironment. Avoid any rele- contamination of soil. w to escape into drains, s This product does not co 39/EU. Because of volatility (D VARNISHES (defined in C max. 500. g/l* starting S); # If this product is Volatile compounds due to	lease into the atmosphere. sewers or water courses. ontain any substance included in the list of priority substances in t ty, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result the Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory i) C from 01.01.2010). s used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applica. to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations	t. Avoid any release into the compounds due to the use of One-pack performance ble the Directive 2010/75/EC, on 5: Solvents : 52.2%
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any spi Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac Directive 2000 Emissions to th atmosphere. - VOC (produc organic solvent coating, solvent	ds: le (the product IA_EXPOSURE illage in the en oil: # Prevent : # Do not allo gement Act: # /60/EC~2013/. he atmosphere ts: PAINTS AN t-borne. (VOC rial installation of emissions of (supply) : 52.2	is handled at room tempo CONTROLS: mironment. Avoid any rele- contamination of soil. w to escape into drains, s This product does not co 39/EU. Because of volatility (D VARNISHES (defined in C max. 500. g/l* starting S); # If this product is Volatile compounds due to	lease into the atmosphere. sewers or water courses. ontain any substance included in the list of priority substances in t ty, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result the Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory i) C from 01.01.2010). s used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applica. to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations	t. Avoid any release into the compounds due to the use of One-pack performance ble the Directive 2010/75/EC, on 5: Solvents : 52.2%
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any spi Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac Directive 2000 Emissions to th atmosphere. - VOC (produc organic solvent coating, solvent	ds: le (the product IA_EXPOSURE illage in the en oil: # Prevent : # Do not allo gement Act: # /60/EC~2013/. he atmosphere ts: PAINTS AN t-borne. (VOC rial installation of emissions of (supply) : 52.2	is handled at room tempo CONTROLS: mironment. Avoid any rele- contamination of soil. w to escape into drains, s This product does not co 39/EU. Because of volatility (D VARNISHES (defined in C max. 500. g/l* starting S); # If this product is Volatile compounds due the	lease into the atmosphere. sewers or water courses. ontain any substance included in the list of priority substances in t ty, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result the Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory i) C from 01.01.2010). s used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applica. to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations	t. Avoid any release into the compounds due to the use of One-pack performance ble the Directive 2010/75/EC, on 5: Solvents : 52.2%
Thermal hazarc # Not applicabl ENVIRONMENT # Avoid any spi Spills on the so Spills in water: - Water Manac Directive 2000 Emissions to th atmosphere. - VOC (produc organic solvent coating, solvent	ds: le (the product IA_EXPOSURE illage in the en oil: # Prevent : # Do not allo gement Act: # /60/EC~2013/. he atmosphere ts: PAINTS AN t-borne. (VOC rial installation of emissions of (supply) : 52.2	is handled at room tempo CONTROLS: mironment. Avoid any rele- contamination of soil. w to escape into drains, s This product does not co 39/EU. Because of volatility (D VARNISHES (defined in C max. 500. g/l* starting S); # If this product is Volatile compounds due the	lease into the atmosphere. sewers or water courses. ontain any substance included in the list of priority substances in t ty, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result the Directive 2004/42/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile in the Directive 2004/42/EC, Annex I.1): Emission subcategory i) C from 01.01.2010). s used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applica. to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations	t. Avoid any release into the compounds due to the use of One-pack performance ble the Directive 2010/75/EC, on 5: Solvents : 52.2%

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

Revision: 10/02/2020 Page 8/13 NEUCE NEUCETEMP 200 - High Temperatures (200°C) Enamel Code: 0214000 O FUTURO DA TINTA **SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES** 9.1 INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES: Appearance - Physical state # Liauid. - Colour # Diverse. - Odour Characteristic - Odour threshold # Not available (mixture). pH-value # Not applicable (non-aqueous media). - nH <u>Change of state</u> - Melting point # Not available Initial boiling point # Not applicable Density Vapour density # Not available Relative density 1.24 # at 20/4°C Relative water Stability Decomposition temperature # Not available (technical impossibility to obtain the data). ÷ <u>Viscosity:</u> - Dynamic viscosity 693. cps 20°C # - Kinematic viscosity mm2/s at 40°C 190. Viscosity (flow time) 150. ± 23. # sec.FC4 20°C # Volatility: - Evaporation rate # Not available (lack of data). - Vapour pressure Solubility(ies) # Not available Solubility in water: # Not miscible Liposolubility # Not available (mixture untested). Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water # Not applicable (mixture). Flammability: Flash point 34* ٥C # CLP 2.6.4.3. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits # Not available 462* Autoignition temperature # °C Explosive properties # Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source. Oxic # Not classified as oxidizing product. *Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture. 9.2 OTHER INFORMATION: Solids 54.4 # % Weight # - VOC (supply) 52.2 % Weight The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12. SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY 10.1 REACTIVITY: Corrosivity to metals: # It is not corrosive to metals. Pyrophorical properties: # It is not pyrophoric. 10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY: # Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. 10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: # Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, acids. 10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Heat: # Keep away from sources of heat. # If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Light: Air: # The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open. Pressure: # Not relevant. Shock: # The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to avoid dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations. 10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: # Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials. 10.6 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: # As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: sulfur oxides.

7/2006 and Regulation (FLI) No. 2015/830

	UCETEMP 200 - Hig le: 0214000	h Temperatures (2	00ºC) Enan	nel			
ON 11 : TOXICOLOGI	CALINFORMATION					¥	
erimental toxicological d itional calculation method	ata on the preparation d of the Regulation (EU	is available. The toxic o) No. 1272/2008~2018/	logical dassi /1480 (CLP).	fication for these mixture has l	been carried out by using the		
INFORMATIONON TO	XICOLOGICAL EFFEC	<u>TS:</u>					
ACUTE TOXICITY:							
Dose and lethal concer for individual ingredien Xylene Ethylbenzene Naphtha (petroleum), l 2-butanone-oxime Solvent naphtha (petro Tall-oil fatty acids oley	ts : hydrodesulfurized heav pleum), light aromatic	ſŶ		LD50 (OECD 401) mg/kg bw oral 4300. Rat 3500. Rat 6000. Rat 2400. Rat 3900. Rat > 2000. Rat	LD 50 (OECD 402) mg/kg bw cutaneous 1700. Rabbit 15400. Rabbit 3000. Rat 1840. Rabbit 3160. Rabbit	LC50 (O mg/m3·4h in > 22080, > 17400, > 7630, > 4830,	Rat Rat . Rat
Estimates of acute tox for individual ingredien Xylene Ethylbenzene 2-butanone-oxime Oleylamine-trimeric C	ts :			ATE mg/kg bw oral - - 500.*	ATE mg/kg bw cutaneous 1100.* - 1840.	ATE mg/m3·4h in 11000.* 17400	 Vapou
used in the calculation	of the ATE for class if of the ATE for class if of the tare assumed to have a source to have a source of the tare assumed to have a source of tare as the tare assumed to have a source of tare as the tare assumed to have a source of tare as the tare assumed to have a source of tare as the	at ion of a mixture base	ed on its com	ry (see GHS/CLP Table 3.1.2). ⁻ ponents and donct representt reshold of category 4 for the co <u>NOAEL Oral</u> mg/kg bw/d 125. Rat	estresults.	re <u>NOAEC Inha</u> mg/m3	alation 0. Rat
Lowest observed adve	rse effect level			LOAEL Oral mg/kg bw/d	LOAEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	LOAEC Inha mg/m3	lation
2-butanone-oxime				40. Rat		_	
	KELY ROUTES OF EXPO	SURE: Acute toxicity:		40. Rat			
2-butanone-oxime	KELY ROUTES OF EXPO	SURE: Acute toxicity: Acute toxicity	Cat.	40. Rat	layed		Criteria
2-butanone-oxime	KELY ROUTES OF EXPO			Main effects, acute and/or de	elayed t with acute toxicity if inhaled e classification criteria are not		Criteria GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.
2-butanone-oxime INFORMATI ON ON LIK Routes of exposure Inhalation:	KELY ROUTES OF EXPO	Acute toxicity ATE > 20000		Main effects, acute and/or de # Not classified as a product (based on available data, the met). # Not classified as a product	t with acute toxicity if inhaled	t t with	GHS/CLP
2-butanone-oxime INFORMATIONONLIP Routes of exposure Inhalation: Not classified Skin:	KELY ROUTES OF EXPO	Acute toxicity ATE > 20000 mg/m3 ATE > 2000		Main effects, acute and/or de # Not classified as a product (based on available data, the met). # Not classified as a product skin (based on available data met).	t with acute toxicity if inhaled e classification criteria are not t with acute toxicity in contac	t it with re not	GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6.

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GHS/CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH) # In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830



NEUCETEMP 200 - High Temperatures (200°C) Enamel Code: 0214000

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Respirat or y corros io n/ir ri tat ion.	Respiratory tract	Cat.3	# IRRITANT: May cause respiratory irritation.	GHS/CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Skin	Cat.2	# IRRITANT: Causes skin irritation.	GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Eyes	Cat.2	# IRRITANT: Causes serious eye irritation.	GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3.
<u>Respiratory sensitisation:</u> lot classified	-	-	# Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.
<u>Skin sensitisation:</u> Vot classified	-	-	# SENSITISING: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-	-	# Not classified as a product hazardous by aspiration (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3.

GHS/CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

SPECIFIC TARGET OR GANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Systemic:	RE	Systemic	Cat.2	# HARMFUL: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4.
Respiratory:	SE	Respiratory tract	Cat.3	# IRRITANT: May cause respiratory irritation.	GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4.
<u>Cutaneous:</u>	RE	Skin	-	# DEFATTENING: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	GHS/CLP 1.2.4.

GHS/CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

CMR EFFECTS:

Carcinogenic effects: # It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity: # It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction: # Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

Effects via lactation: # Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERMEXPOSURE:

Routes of exposure: # May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

Short-term exposure: # Harmful by inhalation. Harmful in contact with skin. Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Irritating to skin. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat; other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours. Long-term or repeated exposure: # Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available.

INFORMATION A BOUT TOXICOCINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION: Dermal absorption: # Not available. Basic toxicokinetics: # Not available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Not available.

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ECTI	ON 12 : ECOLOG	ICALINFORMATION					
o exp	erimental ecotoxic	ological data on the preparation as such is available .	The ecotoxi	cological classification for these	e mixture has been carried out	: by	
		Iculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/200	3~2018/148	0 (CLP).			
2.1	TOXICITY:						
	for individual ing	n aquatic environment_ rredients :		LC50 (OECD 203) mg/l·96hours	EC50 (OECD 202) mg/l-48hours	mg/l·72hours	CD 201)
	Xylene Ethylbenzene			> 14. Fishes > 12. Fishes	> 16. Daphnia > 1.8 Daphnia	> 10. > 33.	Algae Algae
	Naphtha (petrol 2-butanone-oxir	eum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ne		> 2.6 Fishes 843. Fishes	> 2.3 Daphnia 750. Daphnia	> 10. > 83.	Algae Algae
		(petroleum), light aromatic		> 9.2 Fishes > 100. Fishes	> 6.1 Daphnia > 15. Daphnia	> 7.0	Algae
		ect concentration		NOEC (OECD 210)	NOEC (OECD 211)		CD 201)
	2-butanone-oxir	ne		mg/l·28days 50. Fishes	mg/ŀ21days > 100. Daphnia	mg/l·72hours	
	Lowest observe Not available	d effect concentration					
	ASSESSMENT C	PF AQUATIC TOXICITY:		1			
	Aquatic toxicity		Cat.	Main hazards to the aquatic e	environment		Criteria
	Acute aquatic to Not classified	<u>xicity:</u>	-		us product with acute toxicity le data, the classification crite		GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.3.
	Chronic aquatic Not classified	toxicity:	-	# Not classified as a dangero aquatic life with long lasting e the classification criteria are	us product with chronic toxicio effects (based on available dat not met).	ty to a,	GHS/CLP 4.1.3.5.5.4.
		Classification of a mixture for acute hazards, based o Classification of a mixture for chronic (long term) haz			mponents.		
2.2	PERSISTENCE A # Not available.	ND DEGRADABILITY:					
	Aerobic biodegra			DQO	%DBO/DQO	<u>Biodegradabi</u>	ity
	for individual ing Xylene	redients:		mgO2/g 2620.	5 days 14 days 28 days	Easy	
					~ 52. ~ 81. ~ 88.		
	Ethylbenzene Naphtha (petrolo	eum), hydrodesulfurized heavy		3164.	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Easy	
	Naphtha (petrol 2-butanone-oxir	ne		3164.	~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79.	Easy Easy Inherently	
	Naphtha (petrolo 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid	ne (petroleum), light aromatic			~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79.	Easy Easy	
	Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid Oleylamine-trin	ne , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	various bibl	3164. 3195.	~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79. 24. 52. 74.	Easy Easy Inherently Easy Easy	
2.3	Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid Oleylamine-trin # Note: Biodegi	ne (petroleum), light aromatic Is oleylamide heric C18-fatty acids aduct adability data correspond to an average of data from	various bibl	3164. 3195.	~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79. 24. 52. 74.	Easy Easy Inherently Easy Easy	
2.3	Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid Oleylamine-trin # Note: Biodegr BIOACCUMULA # Not available. Bioaccumulatio	ne (petroleum), light aromatic (petroleum), light aromatic Is oleylamide neric C18-fatty acids aduct adability data correspond to an average of data from <u>TIVE POTENTIAL:</u>	/arious bibl	3164. 3195.	~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79. 24. 52. 74. 51. 72. 87.	Easy Easy Inherently Easy Easy	
2.3	Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid Oleylamine-trin <i># Note: Biodegi</i> <u>BIOACCUMULA</u> <i># Not available.</i> <u>Bioaccumulation</u> for individual ing Xylene	ne (petroleum), light aromatic (petroleum), light aromatic Is oleylamide neric C18-fatty acids aduct adability data correspond to an average of data from <u>TIVE POTENTIAL:</u>	various bibl	3164. 3195. <i>iographic sources.</i>	~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79. 24. 52. 74. 51. 72. 87. BCF L/kg 57. (calculated)	Easy Easy Inherently Easy Easy Potential Not available	
2.3	Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid Oleylamine-trin # Note: Biodegi BIOACCUMULA # Not available. Bioaccumulation for individual ing Xylene Ethylbenzene	ne (petroleum), light aromatic (petroleum), light aromatic Is oleylamide neric C18-fatty acids aduct adability data correspond to an average of data from <u>TIVE POTENTIAL:</u>	various bibl	3164. 3195. iographic sources.	~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79. 24. 52. 74. 51. 72. 87. BCF L/kg	Easy Easy Inherently Easy Easy Potential	
2.3	Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid Oleylamine-trin # Note: Biodegri BIOACCUMULA # Not available. Bioaccumulation for individual ing Xylene Ethylbenzene Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir	ne (petroleum), light aromatic (petroleum), light aromatic is oleylamide neric C18-fatty acids aduct adability data correspond to an average of data from <u>TIVE POTENTIAL:</u> 2 redients : eum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ne	various bibl	3164. 3195. <i>iographic sources.</i>	~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79. 24. 52. 74. 51. 72. 87. BCF L/kg 57. (calculated) 56. (calculated) > 100. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated)	Easy Easy Inherently Easy Easy Easy Potential Not available Not available Not available Not available	
2.3	Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid Oleylamine-trin <i># Note: Biodegi</i> <u>BIOACCUMULA</u> <i># Not available.</i> <u>Bioaccumulation</u> for individual ing Xylene Ethylbenzene Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid	ne """ """ (petroleum), light aromatic ds oleylamide adability data correspond to an average of data from <u>IVE POTENTIAL:</u> redients : eum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ne (petroleum), light aromatic	various bibl	3164. 3195. <i>iographic sources.</i> log Pow 3.16 3.15 5.65	~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79. 24. 52. 74. 51. 72. 87. BCF L/kg 57. (calculated) 56. (calculated) > 100. (calculated)	Easy Easy Inherently Easy Easy Easy Potential Not available Not available	
	Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid Oleylamine-trin <i># Note: Biodegi</i> <u>BIOACCUMULA</u> <i># Not available.</i> <u>Bioaccumulation</u> for individual ing Xylene Ethylbenzene Naphtha (petroli 2-butanone-oxir Solvent naphtha Tall-oil fatty acid	ne (petroleum), light aromatic ds oleylamide neric C18-fatty acids aduct adability data correspond to an average of data from <u>TIVE POTENTIAL:</u> redients : eum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ne (petroleum), light aromatic ds oleylamide neric C18-fatty acids aduct <u>DIL:</u>	various bibl	3164. 3195. <i>iographic sources.</i>	 ~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79. 24. 52. 74. 51. 72. 87. 51. 72. 87. 55. (calculated) 56. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 70. (calculated) 71. (calculated) 	Easy Easy Inherently Easy Easy Easy Potential Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available	
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SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH) # In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

NEUCE NEUCETEMP 200 - High Temperatures (200°C) Enamel Code: 0214000 O FUTURO DA TINTA RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT: Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006: 12.5 # Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: 12.6 Ozone depletion potential: # Not available. Photochemical ozone creation potential: # Not available. Earth global warming potential: # In case of fire or incineration liberates CO2. Endocrine disrupting potential: # Not available. SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: # Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014: 13.1 # Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8. Disposal of empty containers: # Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU: # Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself. Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product: # Controlled incineration in special facilities for chemical waste, in accordance with local regulations. **SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION** UN NUMBER: 1263 14.1 14.2 JN PROPER SHIPPING NAME: PAINT TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES): 14.3 Transport by road (ADR 2019) and Transport by rail (RID 2019): Class: 3 III - Packing group: Classification code: F1 Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) 3, max. ADR 1.1.3.6. 1000 L Transport category: Limited quantities: 5 L (see total exemptions ADR 3.4) Transport document: Consignment paper. - Instructions in writing: ADR 5.4.3.4 Transport by sea (IMDG 38-16): - Class: 3 _ Packing group: III Emergency Sheet (EmS): F-E,S E First Aid Guide (MFAG): 310,313 Marine pollutant: No. - Transport document: Shipping Bill of lading. Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2018): Class: Packing group: III - Transport document: Air Bill of lading. Transport by inland waterways (ADN): # Not available. 14.4 PACKING GROUP: See section 14.3 14.5 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS # Not applicable (not classified as hazardous for the environment). 14.6 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER: # Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation. 14.7 TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEXIIOF MARPOL 73/78 AND THE IBC CODE # Not applicable. SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION EU SAFETY, HEALT HAND EN VIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC: 15.1 The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet. Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use: See section 1.2 Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable (product for professional or industrial use).

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AFETY DATA SI In accordance with R	IEET (REACH) gulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830	Revision: 10/02/2020	Page 13 / 13
	NEUCETEMP 200 - High Temperatures (200°C) Enamel Code: 0214000		<u>*</u>
Child safety	protection: Not applicable (the classification criteria are not met).	I	
	i <mark>tion on the label: .</mark> /OC max, 500. g/l - The limit value 2004/42/CE-IIA cat. i) for the product ready for use is VOC max. 500. g/l (201	(0)	
OTHER REC		0).	
	e risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III): See section 7.2		
Other local			
	er should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.		
	al safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.		
SECTION 16 : OTH	ER INFORMATION		
H225 High enters airw eye damage dizziness. H cancer. H37 prolonged o <u>Notes relat</u> Note H : Th combinatio	ements according the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2018/1480 (CLP). Annex III: flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour H302 Harmful if swallow ed. H304 May be fatal if ys. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May c 411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H351 Sus & May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. H3730 May cause damage to c repeated exposure if swallowed. H373iE May cause damage to hearing organs through prolonged or repeated exp d to the identification, classification and labelling of the substances: classification and label shown for this substance applies to the dangerous property(ies) indicated by the risk ph with the category(ies) of danger shown. classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less tha 753-7).	318 Causes serious ause drowsiness or spected of causing organs through posure if inhaled. rase(s) in	
	YOF THE INFORMATION ON THE DANGER OF MIXTURES: See sections 9.1, 11.1 and 12.1.		
# <u>ADVICE</u> # It is reco	ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS: Inmended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and preventior Ig and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.	ı, in order to provide	
 # · Europea # · Access · Industrial · Threshold · European a 	ATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCESFOR DATA: Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/ o European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/ iolvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970). imit Values, (AGCIH, 2017). greement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2019). al Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 38-16 (IMO, 2016).		
# <u>ABBREVI</u> List of abbre	ATTONS AND ACRONYMS: viations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet:		
# • GHS: G # • CLP: Eu # • EINECS: # • CAS: Cl # • UVCB: S # • SVHC: : # • PBT: Pe # • VPOE: V # • VOC: Vi # • DNEL: L # • PNEC: P # • LD50: L # • LC50: Li # • UN: Unit	Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals. obally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations. opean regularion on Classificatin, Labelling and Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures. European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. European List of Notified Chemical Substances. emical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society). ubstances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials. ubstances of Very High Concern. sistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances. latile Organic Compounds. erived No-Effect Level (REACH). edicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH). thal dose, 50 percent. ediversion, Sopercent. ediversion, Sopercent.		
SAFETY DA # Safety Da	A <u>SHEET REGULATIONS :</u> ta Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) N	Vo. 2015/830.	
HISTORIC: Version: 3 Version: 4	<u>Revision:</u> 01/06/2017 10/02/2020		
# Legislativ	ince previous Safety Data Sheet: e, contextual, numerical, methodological and normative changes since the previous version of the present Safety a red-italic hash (#).	∕ Data Sheet are	
conditions are beyon handling instruction.	Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the user our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first ot t is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the ation in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not t duct's properties.	btaining written local rules and	